

# A. The landscape

The landscape of amateur basketball in the United States continues to change rapidly, particularly in Youth Basketball. There are so many people, leagues, programs, and organizations vying for a spot in the marketplace that it can be overwhelming, as there are so many voices with differing messages and it is hard to know what to do. Some say that Youth Basketball is in a state of crisis.

# Consider some of Today's Realities

The United States Sports Association, or USSSA, is a nonprofit with 501(c)(4) status, a designation for organizations that promote social welfare. According to its most recent available IRS filings, it generated \$13.7 million in revenue in 2015, and the CEO received \$831,200 in compensation. The group holds tournaments throughout the nation, and it ranks youth teams in basketball, baseball, and softball. The softball rankings begin with teams age 6 and under. Baseball starts at age 4.

Youth sports is a 15.3 billion dollar industry. A huge number of people have created products, programs, or events to lure parents and players to make money as a business.

Youth sports travel is scoring big as communites across the country build sports complexes to draw youngsters and parents to their sites as a method of economic development.

Many parents sincerely believe that their child will only be able to afford college if they get a basketball scholarship. The rumors and myths have become a reality to many.

There are national tournaments for teams as young as third grade.

Only 1 in 10,000 high school athlets get a partial college athletic scholarship.

Less than 3% of all High School athletes play their sport in college.

Fees and travel costs are pricing out lowerincome A growing body of Research shows that intense early specialization in a single sport increases the risk of injury, burnout, and depression among athletes.

# **B.** The Objective

The objective of this document is to ensure the over-all well-being of people participating in youth basketball. The NHSBCA's sole desire is to help amateur basketball players and parents better understand the landscape, help them develop a process to navigate and enjoy the game of basketball, and provide them with resources to find the best information and organizations available.

#### The NHSBCA hopes this package will help parents and players as well as all interested in the game to...

- 1. Understand some of the basics and get the big picture view of amateur basketball in the United States.
- 2. Know where and how to find reliable and accurate information to aid in making informed decisions.
- 3. Develop a process to make informed decisions based on facts rather than fiction.

# C. What does research say about why kids play sports?

number 1 reason kids play sports is **to have fun.**Pictured to the right are the results of a survey of youngsters asking what the most fun aspects of youth sports are (source: Amanda Visek George Washington, University Fun Mapping).

Research shows that the

- 1. Trying your best.
- 2. When coaches treat players with respect.
- 3. Getting playing time.
  - 4. Playing well together as a team.
  - 5. Getting along with your teammates.
  - 6. Exercising and being active.
    - 48. Winning.
    - 63. Playing in tournaments.
    - 67. Earning medals or trophies.
    - 73. Traveling to new places to play.

# D. Thoughts from the NHSBCA to parents:

- 1. A "Sports Parent" might be someone whose life is controlled by athletic events. It is as if youth sports have taken over everything for kids and parents.
- 2. Keep in mind that a major reason youth stop playing sports is the parental pressure involved with playing a sport.
- 3. Try to make decisions based on fact and personal research, rather than on rumors and what other parents tell you "you must" do for your child.
- 4. There may be no single factor driving the professionalization of youth sports more than the dream of free college conveyed to/by parents.
- 5. Your child needs to feel your support, not your interest in wins and performance. Youth play sports to have fun, and that should be important to their parents as well.
- 6. Some kids feel that one of the most unpleasant parts for a youngster playing sports is the ride home with parents.
- 7. Parents should make sure that the people working with their child are competant and that conditions are safe and should go watch D1, D2, and D3 college games in their area to see the level of play.
- 8. Consider how good your kid is and who said so... Has your child reached puberty? This makes a difference. Is your child: Elite? All-star? Top 100? A phenom? <- These terms are used by many to get the attention of a young athlete and their parents.
- 9. Seek an honest and unbiased evaluation on a player's ability and how likely it is they can achieve their goal.
- 11. Academic success is very important as well.
- 12. The NHSBCA endorses programs such as the *Power of Positive Coaching Alliance*. We recommend visiting their website: https://www.positivecoach.org/.

# E. Consider some realities about college recruiting

There may be no single factor driving the professionalization of youth sports more than the dream of free college conveyed by parents.

College organizations (NCAA, NAIA, and NJCAA) have rules, guidelines, and restrictions as to when college coaches may recruit future players. The college organizations provide people lots of FREE information about the recruiting process.

A wide variety of individuals and businesses are angling to make a profit from the recruiting process. All kinds of promises are made to kids and parents.

The proliferation of youth coaches, teams, leagues, camps, recruiting services, specialization coaches, and exposure events is driven by the goal of "BEING SEEN" by college coaches.

"Agents" are third party people who try to influence the player and or player's parents in regard to college choice. They might say, "If you play on this travel team or go to this event, you will be seen."

It is critical that parents and players understand only a minute percent of high school players play on college teams. The problem is that people don't understand the process and how difficult it is to achieve.

# F. Different levels you can play in collegiately

#### **NCAA**

## National Collegiate Athletic Assocation

- Division I Athletic Scholarships
- Division II Athletic Scholarships
- Division III No Athletic Scholarships

#### NAIA

# National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics

- Division I Athletic Scholarships
- Division II Athletic Scholarships

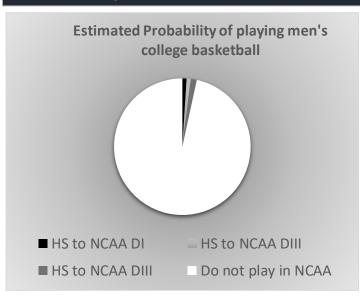
#### **NJCAA**

## National Junior College Athletic Association

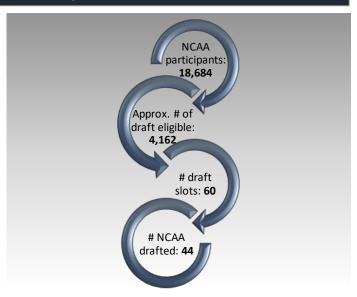
- Division I Athletic Scholarships
- Division II Athletic Scholarships
- Division III No Athletic Scholarships

# G. Statistics about playing in college Provided by NCAA probability of competing beyond HS

# Of **546,428** HS men's basketball participants, only **18,684** will compete in the NCAA.

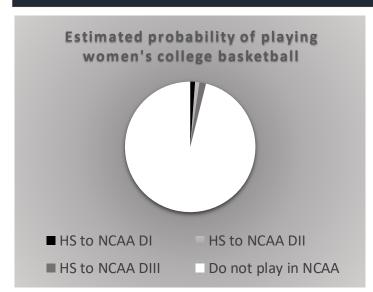


**Figure 1.** This figure shows the estimated probability (in percentage) of playing in the NCAA out of a sample of 546,428 high school players.

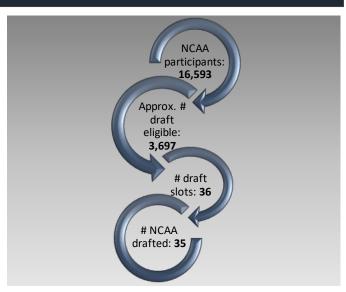


**Figure 2.** This figure shows the estimated probability of playing men's pro basketball.

# Of 429,380 HS women's basketball participants, only 16,593 will play in the NCAA.



**Figure 3.** This figure shows the estimated probability (in percentage) of playing in the NCAA out of a sample of 429,380 high school players.



**Figure 4.** This figure shows the estimated probability of playing women's pro basketball.

- H. Consider the rise of the youth sports industry and its financial impact on families From TIME Magazine article, August 24th, 2017, "How Kids' Sports Became a \$15 Billion Industry
- 1. A range of private businesses are mining this deep, do-anything parental love, causing the nation's youth-sports industry to grow by 55% since 2010.
- 2. Major media and retail companies are investing in technology that manages peewee schedules.
- 3. Parents have used GoFundMe to help pay for the travel expenses.
- 4. Companies do things like process payments for club teams, offer performance analytics for seventh-grade hoops games and provide digital social platforms for young athletes.
- 5. The national retailer *Dick's Sporting Goods* has acquired companies that specialize in online scheduling and score tracking for youth sports.
- 6. Last year NBC bought Sport Ngin, a scheduling and social app that has raised \$39 million in venture funding, and rechristened it SportsEngine. In August, SportsEngine launched a searchable directory of more than 100,000 youth-sports camps, teams and leagues.
- 7. TIME's parent company launched *Sports Illustrated Play* after acquiring three youth-sports-software startups. *SI Play's* apps now has 17 million monthly unique users. According to SI Play CEO in the past 18 months, investors have plowed over \$1 billion into the youth-sports market.
- 8. Westfield, IN issued \$70 million in bonds to build Grand Park Sports Campus, a 400-acre complex that opened in 2014 and includes 31 grass and synthetic fields for soccer, lacrosse and other field sports, 26 softball and baseball diamonds, and a 370,000-square-foot indoor facility. The city is hoping that tax revenue generated by new hotels, retail outlets and medical facilities near the park will eventually pay off the debt. In 2016, the facility had 1.5 million total visitors and put \$162.6 million into the local economy.
- 9. Opening soon is the Sports KingDome, a facility with 347,000 sq. ft. of indoor space--enough to fit a dozen multisport fields, or six Little League baseball fields -- is slated to open on the site of a former IBM campus in East Fishkill, N.Y., some 70 miles north of New York City. It will become one of the largest domes on the planet, and the owner plans to auction naming rights to the highest bidder. The \$25 million, all-weather complex will allow families in the populous northeastern U.S. to play travel soccer, lacrosse and baseball 12 months a year, just like they do in the Sun Belt.
- 10. Basketball is pricing out a lot of its player base between exorbitant fees for gym time, travel expenses for travel teams, trainers fee, etc. A kid today who wants to be good has few outlets to improve without a major financial investment.

# I. A process to help navigate:

# Four A's to "recognize value" and "eliminate junk"









#### **Anticipate**

Anticipate that tough times are coming. It will not be easy for you or your child. Will the character and competence of the coach/trainer compel you to stay committed to the process long-term?

#### Assume

Assume a scholarship is not at the end of the tunnel. What will my kid and our family give up and what will we gain by playing on this team? Is it worth sacrificing those things at this point in the life cycle of our family? Which team will develop my child most as a player and person?

#### Ask

Ask to evaluate a few practices or skills sessions before joining. What is actually being taught? Take notes and divide them using the categories below which are both offensive and defensive. Do any categories seem to be habitually missing? Do you visibly recognize the coach/trainer having a written or typed plan? Sweat and smiles do not always equal quality teaching.

#### Analyze

Analyze what the leading organizations and experts in the field are saying. Is the information you are receiving from your friend, trainer or coach consistent with what organizations like USA Basketball, Jr. NBA, and Aspen Institute Project Play are saying?

Provided by Matt King, Arizona Basketball Coaches Association

Additional questions to ask any coach/trainer/organization: provided by Greg Flynn, Basketball Coaches of NY

- 1. Is this person someone your school coach knows/trusts/communicates with? If not, are they willing to?
- 2. Is this person a high character individual with a good reputation locally? Are they willing to let you talk to their current clients about their experience?
- 3. Will this person be conducting sessions in small groups/individually or are they just trying to fill a gym to maximize revenue? If it will be small groups training, what will the variance in player attributes be (size, gender, age, skill level, etc.)?
- 4. Do they have experience training players of the same age, size, skill level, etc.
- 5. Are they making promises/claims (scholarships, playing time, starting role, etc.) if you train with them? If they are, are they willing to put those promises/claims in writing?
- 6. What kind of feedback and growth measurements will they provide you? Will there be a long-term plan, or just a series of workouts?
- 7. Where will training be located? Will it be a consistent location, or will it be floating based on availability? What is their cancellation policy (whether they cancel or you have to)? Do they work with another trainer who can fill in if they have a conflict arise? How do the questions above apply to that trainer?
- 8. How is my child's confidence and self-esteem going to be impacted by joining this team? Will my child be treated with respect and grow as a person?

## J. Individuals involved with the sport of Basketball



As players and parents, you will want answers to the following types of questions: Are they Trained? Certified? Licensed? Approved? Making money from their work with youth basketball? Background checks? (Reminder an individual must be USA Basketball Certified to work NCAA events)

## K. NBA and USA Basketball announce guidelines for youth players

From the NBA

The NBA and USA Basketball have teamed up to develop the first-ever youth basketball guidelines aimed at improving the way children, parents and coaches experience the game, with a specific emphasis on promoting player health and wellness.





These guidelines have received the endorsement of youth-focused organizations that collectively reach tens of millions of youth, including Boys & Girls Clubs of America, YMCA of the USA, National Recreation and Parks Association, JCC Association, National High School Basketball Coaches Association, and Positive Coaching Alliance. The NCAA also supports these guidelines as being in the best interest of the sport and the health and well-being of the youth basketball community. Additionally, these guidelines have received the endorsement of Adidas, Nike, and Under Armour.

In the spring of 2016, the NBA and USA Basketball established three expert working groups focused on the following areas: Health and Wellness, Playing Standards, and Curriculum and Instruction. Their work was endorsed by the Jr. NBA Leadership Council, which is chaired by Retired U.S. General Martin E. Dempsey and consists of prominent basketball influencers and stakeholders.

The Health and Wellness working group drafted a scientific paper that makes eight key recommendations for promoting a positive and healthy youth basketball experience. Highlights include:

#### a. Delay single-sport specialization in the sport of basketball until age 14 or older

Participation in multiple sports in early childhood is beneficial from a player health and player development perspective. Athletes that reach the highest level of achievement are more likely to have played multiple sports at a young age and delayed single-sport specialization until late adolescence.

a. Limit high-density scheduling based on age-appropriate guidelines

High-density competition scheduling can increase risk for injury and burnout. Parents, coaches and event directors should be cautious in considering tournaments that schedule multiple competitive events (i.e., games) in short periods of time.

b. Ensure rest from organized basketball at least one day per week, extended time away from organized basketball each year, and adequate sleep each night

Daily rest is important for injury prevention, sport development and overall health. Rest days should be taken each week, and extended time off should be taken each year for physical recovery as well as to recharge oneself psychologically. Such an approach, along with getting the recommended amount of sleep, helps to maintain motivation for continued participation.

For detailed suggested and maximum participation recommendations, rest guidelines, and the suggested player segmentation model, visit **www.youthquidelines.com**.

# About the NHSBCA

The National High School Basketball Coaches Association is an umbrella organization uniting the over 30 states that have State Basketball Coaches Associations to work for the betterment of the game. The NHSBCA is the national voice for high school basketball coaches, working to foster high standards of professionalism and to support coaches. The NHSBCA also welcomes representatives from States that do not have basketball specific organizations. The NHSBCA works with other organizations involved with basketball such as National Association of Basketball Coaches, Women's Basketball Coaches Association, NCAA, NJCAA, USA Basketball, Amateur Athletic Union, and the National Federation of High School, among others.

To see a list of references, visit: https://nhsbca.org
Questions or comments contact Dave Archer: bcanyinfo@gmail.com

Written and organized by Dave Archer, NHSBCA Senior Director of Operations, with help from NHSBCA Board members including Greg Grantham, Tom Hursey, Matt King and NHSBCA President Nalin Sood. Also Greg

Flynn of the BCANY. Artistic Design by Thérèse Boyle.

#### **Appendix**

# Some Organizations on the Youth Basketball Landscape Information from their websites:

# National Travel Basketball Association

https://playntba.com/

The National Travel Basketball
Association (NTBA) hosts
tournaments across the country for
boys and girls 3<sup>rd</sup>-12<sup>th</sup> grade.

# Nike Elite Youth Basketball League

http://nikeeyb.com

Nike Elite Youth Basketball is dedicated to developing athlete potential through superior skill instruction, honest evaluation, and unprecedented exposure.

#### **Big Shots**

https://bigshots.net

Boasts 85 events, 32 cities, 18 states, and they label themselves as the nation's Premier Youth basketball Events.

#### **Middle School Elite**

http://middleschoolelite.com/

Ranks players and teams as young as second grade.

#### **Adidas Uprising**

https://adidasuprising.com/

Each summer Adidas Uprising provides a platform for tomorrow's basketball stars to develop their game, improve their skills, and individual game as well as experience basketball as a global sport with Adidas Nations.

#### **GBA - Girls Basketball Association**

www.gbabasketball.com/

Running tournaments every weekend in March, April, June and into July. Most weekends, they have over 170 to 200 teams playing in tournaments throughout Ohio, West Virginia, and Pennsylvania.

## National Youth All American Report

http://www.nyaabasketball.org

Ranks players as young as 3<sup>rd</sup> grade. NYAA "Finding Tomorrow's Stars Today."

US Amateur Basketball (Do not confuse this with USA Basketball – the official governing body)

https://usamateurbasketball.com/a

bout

US Amateur Basketball provides a national basketball platform that brings together the grassroots tournament operators from around

#### PTS - Prime Time Sports

http://primetimesportz.com/about/

Hosts 150 events over 48 weekends in 20 states, and claims the largest single venue national championship with 900 teams participating.

# Cont'd...

## <u>USSSA – United States Specialty</u> <u>Sports Association</u>

https://www.usssa,com

usssa's mission is to be the most visibly recognized, technologically advanced, and professionally represented sports organization in the world. It generated \$13.7 million in revenue in 2015 with their CEO being paid \$831,200.

Ranks youth teams in basketball, baseball and softball. Softball rankings begin with teams age 6 and under, baseball starts at age 4.

#### <u>YBOA – Youth Basketball</u> Organization of America

https://Yboa.org

Youth Basketball Organization of America is an international body, which promotes youth basketball worldwide. YBOA is a non-profit organization located in Orlando, Florida, which offers league development, tournaments, uniforms, educational clinics, scholarship programs, support materials, merchandise and insurance programs.

#### <u>USJN – United States Junior</u> Nationals

https://www.usjn.com/about\_ne\_w.php

USJN is one of the longest running organizations in girls' basketball.

As the first privately owned company outside of AAU to offer girls basketball tournaments, it started running tournaments across the country in 1986 and has been sponsored by Nike since the early 1990's.

#### **Hoop Group**

https://Hoopgroup.com

A comprehensive basketball company dedicated to fulfilling the dreams of players, parents and coaches by providing the best instruction, competition and exposure. Team tournaments hosted by Hoop Group provide a premier stage for top high school student-athletes to compete and display their basketball prowess to fans, college coaches and scouts in their High School showcases.

#### JR. NBA

https://jr.nba.com/

The Jr. NBA is the official youth basketball participation program of the NBA, with the goal of helping encourage and support youth basketball participation at the grassroots level and to improve the overall youth basketball experience for all participants.

# AAU – Amateur Athletic Association

https://www.aausports.org/

The AAU has focused its efforts into providing sports programs for participants of all ages beginning at the grass roots level. AAU has organized basketball for players under 8 years old through 12<sup>th</sup> grade with thousands of teams.